FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

WITH REPORT OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

2020 FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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TRANSMITTAL LETTER

Pennsylvania Department of Education Bureau of Budgets and Fiscal Management Bureau Director 333 Market Street – 4th Floor Harrisburg, PA 17126-0333

Gentlemen:

Enclosed you will find the audit package for the Johnsonburg Area School District for the year ended June 30, 2020.

We have audited the financial statements of the *Johnsonburg Area School District* for the year ended June 30, 2020 and have issued our report thereon dated December 9, 2020. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

In addition, we have issued a management letter dated December 9, 2020, which is included in the audit package.

Buffamente Whipple Buttafaro PC

BUFFAMANTE WHIPPLE BUTTAFARO, P.C.

Olean, New York December 9, 2020

SCHEDULE OF REPORT DISTRIBUTION

Agency No.	. of Copies
Board of Education Johnsonburg Area School District Johnsonburg, Pennsylvania PA 15845	12
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Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Bureau of Audits 555 Walnut Street – 8 th Floor Harrisburg, Pennsylvania 17101	1



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the President and Members of The Board of Education Johnsonburg Area School District Johnsonburg, Pennsylvania

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities and each major fund of *Johnsonburg Area School District* as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the *Johnsonburg Area School District*'s basic financial statements as listed in the accompanying table of contents. We have also audited the fiduciary fund types of the *Johnsonburg Area School District* as of June 30, 2020 as displayed in the District's basic financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risks assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund and aggregate remaining fund information of the *Johnsonburg Area School District* as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgeting comparison of the General Fund and the cash flows of the business-type activities for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Prior Period Adjustment

As discussed in Note 14, a prior period adjustment was necessary to adjust the capital assets and accumulated depreciation on the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Fund. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Report on Summarized Comparative Information

We have previously audited the *Johnsonburg Area School District's* June 30, 2019 financial statements and our report dated December 12, 2019, expressed unmodified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund and aggregate remaining fund information. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, is consistent, in all material respects, with audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis (pages 5 through 12), schedule of changes in the District's net OPEB liability and related ratios – District plan (page 42), schedule of changes in the District's net OPEB liability and related ratios – PSERS plan (page 43), schedule of District contributions – OPEB – District plan (page 44), schedule of District contributions – OPEB – PSERS plan (page (45), schedule of District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (page 46) and the schedule of District contributions – pension (page 47) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the **Johnsonburg Area School District's** basic financial statements. The comparative statements of revenue and expenditures – general fund and statement of cash receipts and disbursements – activity fund are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information including the comparative statements of revenue and expenditures – general fund and statement of cash receipts and disbursements – activity fund are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, comparative statements of revenue and expenditures – general fund and statement of cash receipts and disbursements – activity fund are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 9, 2020 on our consideration of *Johnsonburg Area School District's* internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering *Johnsonburg Area School District's* internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Buffamente Whipple Buttafaro PC

BUFFAMANTE WHIPPLE BUTTAFARO, P.C.

Olean, New York December 9, 2020

I. <u>Discussion and Analysis</u>

The following is a discussion and analysis of the *Johnsonburg Area School District's* financial performance for the year ended June 30, 2020. The section is a summary of the District's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions, or conditions. It is based on both the government-wide and fund-based financial statements. The results of the current year are discussed in comparison with the prior year, with an emphasis placed on the current year. This section is only an introduction and should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follows this section.

II. Financial Highlights

The following items are the financial highlights experienced by the *Johnsonburg Area School District* during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020:

- Overall net position from operations of the District increased \$1,075,669 during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. This increase was the result of a surplus from current year operations of which \$1,079,230 was related to governmental activities and a loss of \$3,561 which was related to business-type activities.
- The District's enrollment was 590 students as compared with 590 during the prior year.
- The District's total revenue increased \$71,415 from \$11,006,414 during year ended June 30, 2019 to \$11,077,829 during June 30, 2020 or 1% due to an increase in operating grants and contributions.
- The District's total expenses increased \$13,937 from \$9,988,223 during the year ended June 30, 2019 to \$10,002,160 during the year ended June 30, 2020. This increase was the result of an increase in health insurance expense and supplies which was offset by the decrease in actuarially calculated pension expenses.
- The District had capital additions during the current fiscal year of approximately \$0, which was comprised of \$0 in the governmental activities and \$0 in the business-type activities.

III. Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report consists of three parts: MD&A (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of *Johnsonburg Area School District*.

A. Reporting the School District as a Whole (District-wide Financial Statements):

The district-wide statements report information about the School District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. Activities that are fiduciary in nature are not included in these statements.

1. Statement of Net Position

The Statement of Net Position (page 13) shows the School District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and the net position. The Statement categorizes assets to show that some assets are very liquid, such as cash and cash equivalents. Some assets are restricted for certain purposes or reserved for emergencies and cash flow purposes. Some assets are invested in "fixed" or "capital" assets, such as buildings, equipment and other long-lived property; and some assets are available to fund budgets of the following year.

2. Statement of Activities

The Statement of Activities (page 14) shows amounts of program-specific and general District revenue used to support the various functions.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities divide the activities of the District into two categories: governmental activities (the school functions, including instruction, support services, non-instructional services, etc.; property taxes, state and federal revenue usually support most of these functions) and proprietary activities.

The two district-wide statements report the School District's net position and how they have changed. Net position – the difference between the District's assets and deferred outflows of resources and the District's liabilities and deferred inflows of resources – is one way to measure the District's financial health or position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively. To assess the District's overall health, you need to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

III. Overview of the Financial Statements (continued)

B. Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds (Fund Financial Statements):

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, focusing on its most significant or major funds — not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs. Significance of funds is determined based on the proportional size of the funds, the relative importance of the activities of the funds to the District's operations, and the existence of legal budget requirements. Internal Service funds are never reported as major funds, but are combined and presented in a separate column.

The District has two kinds of funds:

1. Governmental Funds

Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term

III. Overview of the Financial Statements (continued)

B. Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds (Fund Financial Statements) (continued):

1. Governmental Funds (continued)

view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the district-wide statements, additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statements explains the relationship (or differences) between them.

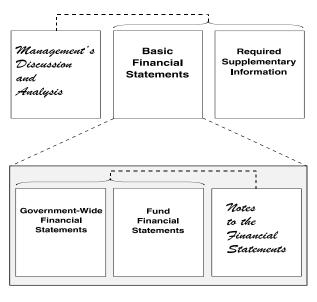
2. Fiduciary Funds

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others, such as the scholarship fund and the student activities funds. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. The District excludes these activities from the district-wide financial statements because it cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

Figure A-1 - Major Features of the District-Wide Statements and Fund Financial Statements

		Fund Financial	Statements
	District-Wide	Governmental Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire district (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the District that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as special education and building maintenance	Instances in which the District administers resources on behalf of someone else, such as scholarship programs and student activities monies
Required financial statements	Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities	Balance Sheet Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	Statement of Net Position Statement of Changes in Net Position
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/deferred outflow/liability/deferred inflow information	All assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Generally, assets and deferred outflows expected to be used up and liabilities and deferred inflows that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included	All assets, deferred outflows (if any), liabilities, and deferred inflows (if any) both short-term and long-term; funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

Figure A-2 - Required Components of the District's Annual Financial Report



IV. Financial Analysis of the School District as Whole

Net Position - Deficit

The District's total reporting entity net position was a deficit of \$4,903,453 as of June 30, 2020. The components of net position include: invested in capital assets, net of related debt of \$7,787,514 and an unrestricted net deficit of \$12,690,967.

Changes in Net Position

The District's total government-wide revenue increased by 1% to \$11,077,829. Approximately 23%, 26% and 50% of total revenue is derived from the property taxes, operating grants and state sources, respectively. The remaining 1% comes from federal aid, interest earned, local sources, charges for services and other sources.

The total cost of all programs and services of the District increased 0% to \$10,002,160. The District's expenses cover a range of services, with 56% related to instruction and 38% related to support services.



Figure A-3 – Condensed Statement of Net Position

				Johnsonbur Condensed St	•								
	Gov	mental Activition	es	Business-type Activities							Total		
	2020		2019	% Change		2020		2019	% Change		2020	2019	% Change
Assets													
Current and other assets	\$ 4,833,430	\$	4,050,007	19%	\$	132,485	\$	119,281	11%	\$	4,965,915	\$ 4,169,288	19%
Capital assets	7,766,248	1	8,265,021	-6%		21,266		-	n/a		7,787,514	8,265,021	-6%
Total assets	12,599,678	,	12,315,028	2%		153,751		119,281	29%		12,753,429	12,434,309	3%
Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,863,905	;	2,205,120	-15%		-		-	n/a		1,863,905	2,205,120	-15%
Total deferred outflows of resources and assets	\$ 14,463,583	\$	14,520,148	0%	\$	153,751	\$	119,281	29%	\$	14,617,334	\$ 14,639,429	0%
Liabilities													
Other liabilities	\$ 1,101,505	\$	1,302,308	-15%	\$	50,100	\$	36,690	37%	\$	1,151,605	\$ 1,338,998	-14%
Long-term debt outstanding	16,008,269)	17,030,965	-6%		-		-	n/a		16,008,269	17,030,965	-6%
Total liabilities	17,109,774		18,333,273	-7%		50,100		36,690	37%	_	17,159,874	18,369,963	-7%
Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,360,913	,	2,199,782	7%		-		-	n/a		2,360,913	2,199,782	7%
Net position (deficit) Net investment in	7 700 040		0.005.004	-6%		04.000			n/a		7 707 544	8.265.021	-6%
capital assets Unrestricted Board designated and Undesignated	7,766,248	i	8,265,021	-6%		21,266		-	n/a		7,787,514	8,265,021	-6%
(deficit)	(12,773,352	2)	(14,277,928)	-11%		82,385		82,591	0%		(12,690,967)	(14,195,337)	-11%
Total net position (deficit)	(5,007,104		(6,012,907)	-17%		103,651		82,591	25%	_	(4,903,453)	(5,930,316)	-17%
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position (deficit)	\$ 14,463,583	\$	14,520,148	0%	\$	153,751	\$	119,281	29%	\$	14,617,334	\$ 14,639,429	0%

Figure A-4 – Changes in Net	Position from Operating	g Results
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			lohnsonburg Are									
		Change	s in Net Position	i from	Operating	Res	sults					
	Ge	overnmental Acti		Busir	ness	s-type activ	rities			Total		
	2020	2019	% Change		2020		2019	% Change	2020		2019	% Change
Revenue												
Program revenue												
Charges for services	\$ 28,448	3 \$ 12,915	120%	\$	91,542	\$	134,163	-32%	\$ 11	19,990	\$ 147,078	3 -18%
Operating grants and contributions	2,669,354	1 2,493,497	7%		214,292		213,888	0%	2,88	33,646	2,707,385	5 7%
General revenue												
Taxes	2,541,345	5 2,634,281	-4%		-		-	n/a	2,54	11,345	2,634,28	-4%
Interest earned	37,620	36,114	4%		453		335	35%	3	38,073	36,449	9 4%
Local sources	30,706	67,461	-54%		-		-	n/a	3	30,706	67,46	-54%
State sources	5,464,069	5,413,760	1%		-		-	n/a	5,46	64,069	5,413,760	1%
Other sources (uses)		-	n/a		-		-	n/a		-	-	n/a
Total revenue	10,771,542	2 10,658,028	1%		306,287		348,386	-12%	11,07	77,829	11,006,414	1 1%
Expenses												
Instruction	5,628,442	5,706,959	-1%		-		-	n/a	5,62	28,442	5,706,959	-1%
Support services	3,783,398	3,636,844	4%		-		-	n/a	3,78	33,398	3,636,844	4%
Non-instructional services	280,463	307,084	-9%		-		-	n/a	28	30,463	307,084	1 -9%
Other uses												
Refund of prior year revenue	9	-	n/a		-		-	n/a		9	-	n/a
Business-type (food service fund)		-	n/a		309,848		337,336	-8%	30	09,848	337,336	-8%
Total expenses	9,692,312	9,650,887	0%	_	309,848		337,336	-8%	10,00	02,160	9,988,223	3 0%
Change in net position	\$ 1,079,230	\$ 1,007,141	=	\$	(3,561)	\$	11,050		\$ 1,07	75,669	\$ 1,018,19	=

IV. <u>Financial Analysis of the School District as Whole</u> (continued)

Figure A-5 through figure A-8 and the narrative that follows considers the operations of governmental activities, along with revenue and net costs percentages for governmental activities.

Governmental Activities - Revenue

Revenue of the District's governmental activities increased 1%, while total expenses increased 0%. The District's total net position increased \$1,079,230 during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

Figure A-4 presents the major sources of revenue of the District's governmental activities. Revenue of the District totaled \$10,771,542 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The most significant changes in the District's governmental revenue are more thoroughly discussed as follows:

- Tax revenue which represents approximately 23% of the District's total revenue for governmental activities decreased 4% during the year ended June 30, 2020.
 The decrease primarily resulted from a decrease in delinquent property tax and earned income taxes revenue.
- The District's state sources which represent \$5,464,069 or 50% of total governmental revenue increased approximately 1% in comparison with the prior year.

IV. Financial Analysis of the School District as Whole (continued)

Governmental Activities - Revenue (continued)

 During the year ended June 30, 2020, the District saw an increase in program revenue, which mostly resulted from an increase in charges for services and an increase in operating grants and contributions of \$15,533 and \$175,857, respectively, in comparison with the prior year revenue. The increase in operating grants and contributions can be primarily attributed to an increase in retirement subsidy revenue.

Governmental Activities - Expenses

Figure A-8 presents the cost of each of the District's five largest expenditure-type, which include; instruction, support services, non-instructional services and other financing uses (refund of prior year revenue and debt service – interest); as well as each expenditure-type's net cost (total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid). The net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the District's taxpayers and Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by each of these functions. Total costs of the District's governmental activities were \$9,692,312.

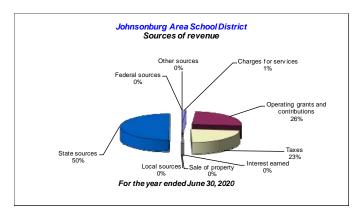
IV. Financial Analysis of the School District as Whole (continued)

Governmental Activities - Expenses (continued)

The most significant changes in the District's governmental expenses are more thoroughly discussed as follows:

- The District's instruction costs decreased by \$78,517 or 1% which was primarily due to a decrease in retirement expense related to an actuarial update offset by an increase in health insurance expense.
- The District's support services costs increased by \$146,554 or 4% during the year ended June 30, 2020 due to an increase in operation and maintenance expenses offset by a decrease retirement expense related to an actuarial update.
- Non-instructional costs of the District decreased \$26,621 or 9% during the year ended June 30, 2020 due to a decrease in wages and athletic expenses.

Figure A-5 - District-wide Sources of Revenue



IV. Financial Analysis of the School District as Whole (continued)

Governmental Activities - Expenses (continued)

- For governmental activities, the District received \$2,697,802 of operating grants and charges for services from its state and federal grants which subsidized certain programs of the District.
- Most of the Districts net costs (\$7.0 million) were financed by real property taxes and state aid.

Figure A-6 - District-wide Expenses

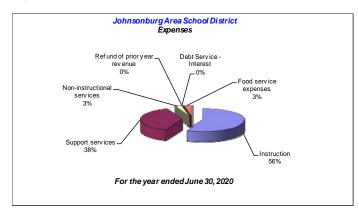


Figure A-7 – Expenditures Supported with Program Revenue

•	Johnsonburg Area School District Expenditures supported with program revenue												
	ctivites		Bi	usiness-type	Activities		Total						
		2020		2019		2020		2019		2020		2019	
Expenditures supported with general revenue (from taxes & other sources)	\$ 6,994	i,510	72% \$	7,144,475	74%	\$ 4,014	1% \$	(10,715)	-3%	\$ 6,998,524	70% \$	7,133,760	71%
Expenditures supported with program revenue	2,697	7,802	28%	2,506,412	26%	305,834	99%	348,051	103%	3,003,636	30%	2,854,463	29%
Total expenditures related to governmental activities	\$ 9,692	.,312 1	100% \$	9,650,887	100%	\$ 309,848	100% \$	337,336	100%	\$ 10,002,160	100% \$	9,988,223	100%

			sonburg Area ost of District						
	To	otal c	ost of service	s		N	et cost of servic	es	
	2020		2019		Change	2020	2019		Change
Instruction	\$ 5,628,442	\$	5,706,959	\$	(78,517)	\$ 3,685,743	\$ 3,959,686	\$	(273,943)
Support services	3,783,398		3,636,844		146,554	3,068,246	2,915,919		152,327
Non-instructional services	280,463		307,084		(26,621)	240,512	268,870		(28,358)
Refund of prior year receipts	9		-		9	9	-		9
Food service	 309,848		337,336		(27,488)	 4,014	(10,715)		14,729
Total	\$ 10,002,160	\$	9,988,223	\$	13,937	\$ 6,998,524	\$ 7,133,760	\$	(135,236)

V. Financial Analysis of the School District's Funds

It is important to note that variances between years for the governmental fund financial statements (Balance Sheets and Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Equity) are not the same as variances between years for the District-wide financial statements (Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities). The District's governmental funds are presented on the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting, while the statement of net position are presented on the full accrual method of accounting. Therefore, governmental funds do not include long-term debt liabilities for the funds' projects and capital assets purchased by the funds.

Governmental funds will include the proceeds received from the issuance of debt, the current payments for capital assets, and the current payments for debt. Below is a description of the most significant changes to the fund financial statements from that reported in the previous year.

V. <u>Financial Analysis of the School District's Funds</u> (continued)

General Fund

- The District's general fund revenues exceeded its expenditures by approximately \$977,000.
- The District's general fund had committed fund balance of \$1,300,000 as of June 30, 2020.
- The District's general fund unassigned fund balance equated to approximately \$2,179,000 as of June 30, 2020
- The District's total assets increased approximately \$783,000 while liabilities decreased \$193,000 during the year ended June 30, 2020. The increase in assets was primarily due to an increase in cash, while the decrease in liabilities was associated with a decrease in accrued expenses.
- Total revenue in the District's general fund increased \$112,000, while total expenditures and other uses increased \$201,000. The increase in revenue was primarily related to an increase in state subsidy revenue offset by a decrease in local revenue due to a decrease in delinquent real estate taxes and earned income taxes. The increase in expenditures primarily resulted from an increase in health insurance and operations and maintenance expenses.

VI. General Fund Budgetary Highlight

Over the course of the year, the District has the ability to make budget transfers. After such transfers, the revised budget presents actual expenditures being \$709,233 below the revised budget. The most significant variance was in the area of instruction which totaled \$378,822 below that budgeted. On the other hand, resources available for appropriations were \$286,422 above the final budgeted amount. Significant variance of revenue items consisted of State sources which was \$260,279, respectively above the revised budget.

Figure A-9 - General Fund Budget vs. Actual

rigure A-9 – General Fullo Budget vs. Actual											
Johnson	nburg	Area Schoo	I Di	strict							
General Fund - Budget vs Actual Comparison											
		Revised									
		Budget		Actual	Е	ifference	%				
Revenue											
Local sources	\$	2,890,370	\$	2,891,054	\$	684	0%				
State sources		7,550,961		7,811,240		260,279	3%				
Federal sources		36,464		61,923		25,459	70%				
Total revenue	\$	10,477,795	\$	10,764,217	\$	286,422	3%				
Expenditures											
Instruction	\$	6,086,243	\$	5,707,421	\$	378,822	6%				
Support services	•	3,970,527	Ψ	3,749,570	Ψ	220,957	6%				
Non-instructional services		299,779		281,087		18,692	6%				
Facilities acquisition and construction		80,000		49,229		30,771	38%				
Refund of prior year receipts		-		9		(9)	n/a				
Operating transfers		60,000		-		60,000	n/a				
Total expenditures	•	10,496,549	s	9,787,316	\$	709.233	7%				

VII. Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

As depicted in Figure A-10, as of June 30, 2020, the District had invested \$7,788,000 in a broad range of capital assets, including reconstruction projects and other various equipment. Capital additions made during the year ended June 30, 2020, totaled approximately \$0. More detailed information about the District's capital assets is presented in the notes of the financial statements. Also, in the current year the District recorded a prior period adjustment related to an updated fixed asset appraisal.

Long-term Debt

As depicted in Figure A-11, as of June 30, 2020, the District had approximately \$16,008,000 in OPEB liability, net pension liability, and compensated absences. Total long-term debt decreased approximately 6% as compared with the previous year. This decrease was primarily the result of a decrease of the net pension liability due to an actuarial update.

Figure A-10 - Capital Assets

rigure A-10 – Capital					
	•	rea School D			
Capita	ıl Assets (ı	net of deprec	iatior	1)	
		Governmental	Activ	vities & Total Dis	strict-wide
		2020		2019	Change
Land and site improvements Building and construction-	\$	511,161	\$	837,508	-39%
in-progress		7,180,824		7,371,482	-3%
Furniture and equipment		66,207		56,031	18%
Transportation vehicles		29,322		-	n/a
Total Capital Assets, net	\$	7,787,514	\$	8,265,021	-6%

Figure A-11 – Outstanding Long-term Debt

	•	rea School Dis erm Debt and L			
	(Governmental A	ctivit	ties & Total Dist	rict-wide
		2020		2019	Change
OPEB liability	\$	1,157,632	\$	1,311,053	-12%
Net pension liability		14,737,000		15,650,000	-6%
Compensated absences		113,637		69,912	63%
Total Long-Term Debt	\$	16,008,269	\$	17,030,965	-6%
	-				

VIII. Factors Bearing on the District's Future

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of the following circumstances that could significantly affect its financial health in the future:

- Declining enrollment
- Future State Retirement increases
- Uncertainty of State funding and budget
- COVID-19 concerns.

IX. Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers and investors and creditors with a general overview of the finances of the District and to demonstrate our accountability with the money we receive. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, please contact:

Johnsonburg Area School District District Administrative Offices Attention: Ms. Linda Benson Business Manager 315 High School Road Johnsonburg, PA 15845

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AS OF JUNE 30, 2020

				2020				
				2020				
	Gov	/ernmental	Busine	ess-Type			•	2019
		Activities		ctivities		Total		Total
Assets								
			_		_		_	
Cash	\$	3,999,043	\$	90,326	\$	4,089,369	\$	3,128,863
Receivables		070.005				070 005		000 000
Taxes, net		373,825		-		373,825		392,999
State and federal aid		415,024		-		415,024		555,967
Other receivables		8,728		40,298		49,026		50,433
Due from business-type activities		29,736		4 004		29,736		29,736
Inventories		- 7.074		1,861		1,861		4,216
Prepaid expenses		7,074		-		7,074		7,074
Capital assets, net		7,766,248		21,266		7,787,514		8,265,021
Total assets		12,599,678		153,751		12,753,429		12,434,309
Deferred Outflows of Resources								
Deferred outflows related to pension		1,762,818		-		1,762,818		2,108,235
Deferred outflows related to OPEB		101,087		-		101,087		96,885
Total deferred outflows of resources		1,863,905		-		1,863,905		2,205,120
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	14,463,583	\$	153,751	\$	14,617,334	\$	14,639,429
Liabilities								
Current liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	176,492	\$	7,076	\$	183,568	¢	72,119
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	Ψ	925,013		7,070	Ψ	925,013	Ψ	1,230,189
Unearned revenue		323,013		13,288		13,288		6,954
Due to governmental activities				29,736		29,736		29,736
Long-term liabilities		_		23,730		23,730		23,730
Portion due or payable after one year								
Other post-employment benefits		1,157,632		_		1,157,632		1,311,053
Compensated absences		113,637		_		113,637		69,912
Net pension liability		14,737,000		-		14,737,000		15,650,000
Total liabilities		17,109,774		50,100		17,159,874		18,369,963
Total habilities		17,100,774		30,100		17,100,074		10,000,000
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Deferred inflows related to pension		2,058,000		-		2,058,000		2,054,000
Deferred inflows related to OPEB		302,913		-		302,913		145,782
Total deferred inflows of resources		2,360,913		-		2,360,913		2,199,782
Net Position (deficit)								
Net investment in capital assets		7,766,248		21,266		7,787,514		8,265,021
Unrestricted		, , , , , ,		,		, ,-		,,.
Board designated		1,300,000		-		1,300,000		500,000
Undesignated (deficit)		(14,073,352)		82,385		(13,990,967)		(14,695,337)
Total net position (deficit)		(5,007,104)		103,651		(4,903,453)		(5,930,316)
i Stal Hot Doublott (action)		(-,,,,	,	,		(.,,)		14,639,429

JOHNSONBURG AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Expenses	Indirect Expenses Allocation	Program F Charges for Services	2020 Revenues Operating Grants		nue and Changes in Ne Business-Type Activities	t Position	2019 Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
	Lxperises	Allocation	Services	Giants	Activities	Activities	Total	Net Fosition
Functions/Programs								
Governmental Activities:								
Instruction	\$ 5,379,388	\$ 249,054	\$ 14,718	\$ 1,927,981	\$ (3,685,743)	\$ - \$	(3,685,743)	\$ (3,959,686)
Instructional student support	601,717	33,679	-	176,565	(458,831)	-	(458,831)	(441,157)
Administrative and financial support services	1,115,725	52,066	-	168,707	(999,084)	-	(999,084)	(1,073,664)
Operation and maintenance of plant services	1,219,045	56,396	-	104,328	(1,171,113)	-	(1,171,113)	(1,010,737)
Pupil transportation	542,037	23,600	-	246,067	(319,570)	-	(319,570)	(259,763)
Central support	116,976	-	-	19,485	(97,491)	-	(97,491)	(102,991)
Other support services	22,157	-	-	-	(22,157)	-	(22,157)	(27,607)
Student activities	269,912	10,551	13,730	26,221	(240,512)	-	(240,512)	(268,870)
Refunds of prior year revenue	9	-	-	-	(9)	-	(9)	-
Depreciation	425,346	(425,346)	-	-	-	-	-	
Total governmental activities	9,692,312	-	28,448	2,669,354	(6,994,510)	-	(6,994,510)	(7,144,475)
Business-type activities:								
Food services	309,848	-	91,542	214,292	-	(4,014)	(4,014)	10,715
Total functions and programs	\$ 10,002,160	\$ -	\$ 119,990	\$ 2,883,646	(6,994,510)	(4,014)	(6,998,524)	(7,133,760)

General Revenues				
Real property taxes, levied for general purposes	1,932,355	-	1,932,355	1,955,304
Other taxes levied	608,990	-	608,990	678,977
Interest earnings	37,620	453	38,073	36,449
Other local sources	30,706	-	30,706	67,461
State sources	5,464,069	-	5,464,069	5,413,760
Total general revenues	8,073,740	453	8,074,193	8,151,951
Change in net position	1,079,230	(3,561)	1,075,669	1,018,191
Net position (deficit) - beginning of year	(6,012,907)	82,591	(5,930,316)	(6,948,507)
Prior period adjustments	(73,427)	24,621	(48,806)	

(5,007,104) \$

103,651 \$

(4,903,453) \$ (5,930,316)

Net position (deficit) - end of year

Assets	Ge	2020 eneral Fund	Ge	2019 eneral Fund
Unrestricted cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,999,043	\$	3,055,113
Taxes receivable		379,725		398,899
State and federal aid receivable		415,024		555,967
Other receivables		8,728		9,118
Due from food service fund		29,736		29,736
Prepaid expenses		7,074		7,074
Total assets	\$	4,839,330	\$	4,055,907
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Equity Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	176,492	\$	72,119
Accrued salaries and benefits		901,460		1,175,072
Payroll deductions and witholdings		23,553		55,117
Total liabilities		1,101,505		1,302,308
Deferred Inflows Revenues not available - taxes		251,562		244,237
Fund Equity Nonspendable		7,074		7,074
Committed		1,300,000		500,000
Unassigned		2,179,189		2,002,288
Total fund equity		3,486,263		2,509,362
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources & fund equity	\$	4,839,330	\$	4,055,907

COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND EQUITY - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 Pag

	Ge	2020 eneral Fund	G	2019 eneral Fund
Revenue				
Local sources	\$	2,891,054	\$	3,014,161
State sources		7,811,240		7,612,272
Federal sources		61,923		26,149
Total revenue and other sources		10,764,217		10,652,582
Expenditures				
Instruction		5,707,421		5,660,480
Support services		3,749,570		3,545,774
Noninstructional services		281,087		296,168
Facility acquisition, construction, and				
improvement services		49,229		83,982
Other financing uses				
Refund of prior year's receipts		9		-
Total expenditures and other financing uses		9,787,316		9,586,404
Excess of revenue and other sources over expenditures				
and other financing uses		976,901		1,066,178
Fund equity, beginning of year		2,509,362		1,443,184
Fund equity, end of year	\$	3,486,263	\$	2,509,362

STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND EQUITY -BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Original Budget	Revised Budget		Current Year's Actual		Favorable Infavorable) Revised Budget
Revenues						
Local sources	\$ 2,890,370	\$ 2,890,370	\$	2,891,054	\$	684
State sources	7,550,961	7,550,961		7,811,240		260,279
Federal sources	36,464	36,464		61,923		25,459
Total revenue	 10,477,795	10,477,795		10,764,217		286,422
Expenditures						
Instruction						
Regular programs	4,130,742	4,130,742		3,849,965		280,777
Special programs	1,351,258	1,351,258		1,266,980		84,278
Vocational education programs	281,876	281,876		275,178		6,698
Other instructional programs	194,086	194,086		179,493		14,593
Pre-kindergarten program	128,281	128,281		135,805		(7,524)
Total instruction	6,086,243	6,086,243		5,707,421		378,822
Support Services						
Pupil personnel	317,238	317,238		318,017		(779)
Instructional staff	145,737	145,737		152,791		(7,054)
Administration	945,061	945,061		802,453		142,608
Pupil health	182,523	182,523		181,391		1,132
Business	403,389	403,389		391,624		11,765
Operation and maintenance	1,239,058	1,239,058		1,218,189		20,869
Student transportation services	587,000	587,000		542,037		44,963
Central support services	122,521	122,521		120,911		1,610
Other support services	28,000	28,000		22,157		5,843
Total support services	3,970,527	3,970,527		3,749,570		220,957
Noninstructional services						
Student activities	299,779	299,779		281,087		18,692
Total noninstructional services	 299,779	299,779		281,087		18,692
Facilities acquisition, construction						
and improvement services	80,000	80,000		49,229		30,771
Other financing uses						
Refunds of prior year receipts	-	-		9		(9)
Interfund transfers	60,000	60,000		-		60,000
Total other financing uses	 60,000	60,000		9		59,991
Total expenditures and other financing uses	10,496,549	10,496,549		9,787,316		709,233
Excess (deficiency) of revenue and other sources over expenditures and other financing uses	\$ (18,754)	\$ (18,754)	=	976,901	\$	995,655
Fund equity, beginning of year				2,509,362		
Fund equity, end of year			\$	3,486,263	:	

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS AS OF JUNE 30, 2020

		gency Fund 2020	Agency Fund 2019
Assets			
Cash	\$	43,182	45,380
Total assets	\$	43,182	45,380
Liabilities			
Student extraclassroom activity funds	\$	43,182	45,380
Total liabilities	_\$	43,182	45,380

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND AS OF JUNE 30, 2020

	 2020	2019
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Receivable from third party provider Inventories Capital assets, net	\$ 90,326 \$ 40,298 1,861 21,266	73,750 41,315 4,216
Total assets	\$ 153,751 \$	119,281
Liabilities Accounts payable Unearned revenue Due to general fund	\$ 7,076 \$ 13,288 29,736	- 6,954 29,736
Total liabilities	 50,100	36,690
Net Position Invested in capital assets Unrestricted	 21,266 82,385	- 82,591_
Total net position	 103,651	82,591
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 153,751 \$	119,281

STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	 2020	2019
Operating revenue		
Food service revenue	\$ 91,542 \$	134,163
Operating expenses		
Cost of sales	21,918	20,922
Contractual	284,373	313,730
Depreciation	3,355	2,203
Other operating expenses	202	481
Other operating expenses	 202	401
Total operating expenses	309,848	337,336
Net operating loss	 (218,306)	(203,173)
Non-operating revenues		
State sources	9,669	11,181
Federal sources	204,623	202,707
Interest income	 453	335
Total non-operating revenues	214,745	214,223
Change in net position	(3,561)	11,050
Total net position, beginning	82,591	71,541
Prior period adjustment	24,621	
Total net position, ending	\$ 103,651 \$	82,591

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		2020	2019
	,		
Cash flows from operating activities	•	07.070 A	101 100
Cash received from sale of meals	\$	97,876 \$	131,139
Cash paid to vendors and other funds		(274,134)	(304,368)
Net cash used in operating activities		(176,258)	(173,229)
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities			
State sources		9,669	12,465
Federal sources		182,712	202,008
Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities		192,381	214,473
Cash flows from investing activities			
Interest received		453	335
Net change in cash		16,576	41,579
Cash balance, beginning of year		73,750	32,171
Cash balance, end of year	\$	90,326 \$	73,750
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used in operating activities			
Operating loss	\$	(218,306) \$	(203,173)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash			
used in operating activities:			
Depreciation		3,355	2,203
Non-cash items (donated commodities)		21,911	20,736
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
Change in receivable from third party provider		1,017	2,244
Change in inventory		2,355	4,013
Change in due from general fund		-	76,612
Change in unearned revenue		6,334	(3,024)
Change in operating receivables/payables		7,076	(72,840)
Net cash used in operating activities	\$	(176,258) \$	(173,229)
Supplemental Schedule of Non-Cash Activities			
Activities not affecting cash flows are as follows:			
Surplus food	\$	21,911 \$	20,736
Total non-cash activity	\$	21,911 \$	20,736

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AS OF JUNE 30, 2020

Total fund balances - governmental funds		\$ 3,486,263
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the		
statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial		
resources and therefore are not reported as assets in		
governmental funds. Capital assets consist of the		
following at year-end:	Ф 04 000 F04	
Cost of the assets	\$ 21,036,594	7 766 040
Accumulated depreciation	(13,270,346)	7,766,248
Property taxes receivable will be collected, but are not available		
soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and, therefore,		
are deferred inflows or resources in the funds. The District has also		
reserved approximately 2% or \$5,900 of delinquent taxes receivable.		245,662
Net deferred outflows (inflows) of resources related to actuarial pension differences		
are reported on the statement of net position and amortized over the average		(225 422)
members' years of service. In the governmental funds, pension expense is		(295,182)
based on required contributions.		
Net deferred outflows (inflows) of resources related to actuarial OPEB differences		
are reported on the statement of net position and amortized over the average		
members' years of service. In the governmental funds, OPEB expense is		
based on required contributions.		(201,826)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due		
and payable in the current period and therefore are not		
reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at		
year-end consist of the following:	(4.457.600)	
Other post-employment benefits Compensated absences	(1,157,632) (113,637)	
Net pension liability	(14,737,000)	(16,008,269)
Net pension hability	(14,737,000)	(10,000,209)

\$ (5,007,104)

Total net position (deficit) - governmental activities

									<i>P</i>	age zz
		Total		Long-term		Long-term	R	eclassification	S	tatement o
	Go	overnmental		set and Outflow	Li	ability and Inflow		and		Net
	_	Funds		Transactions		Transactions		Eliminations		Position
Assets										
Cash	\$	3,999,043	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,999,04
Taxes receivable		379,725		(5,900)		-		-		373,82
State and federal aid receivable		415,024		-		-		-		415,02
Other receivables		8,728		-		-		-		8,72
Due from food service fund		29,736		-		-		-		29,73
Prepaid expenses		7,074		-		-		-		7,0
Capital assets, net	_	-		7,766,248		-		-		7,766,24
Total assets		4,839,330		7,760,348		-		-		12,599,67
Deferred outflows of resources										
Deferred outflows related to pensions and OPEB		-		1,863,905		-		-		1,863,9
Total assets and deferred outflows										
of resources	\$	4,839,330	\$	9,624,253	\$	-	\$	-	\$	14,463,58
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources & Fund Equity/Net Position (deficit)										
Liabilities	_	.=	•		•				_	
Accounts payable	\$	176,492	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	176,49
Accrued liabilities		925,013		-		-		-		925,0
Other post-employment benefits		-		-		1,157,632		-		1,157,6
Compensated absences		-		-		113,637		-		113,6
Net pension liability		4 404 505		-		14,737,000		-		14,737,0
Total liabilities		1,101,505		-		16,008,269		-		17,109,7
Deferred inflows of resources										
Revenues not available - taxes		251,562		-		(251,562)		-		-
Deferred inflows related to pensions and OPEB	_	-		-		2,360,913		-		2,360,9
Total deferred inflows of resources		251,562		-		2,109,351		-		2,360,9
Fund equity & net position (deficit)		3,486,263		9,624,253		(18,117,620)		-		(5,007,1
otal liabilities, deferred inflows of	•	4 000 000	•	0.004.050	•		•		•	44 400 =
esources and fund equity/net position (deficit)	\$	4,839,330	\$	9,624,253	\$	-	\$	-	\$	14,463,5

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND EQUITY TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds			\$ 976,901
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Activity for the current fiscal year ended was as follows: Capital outlays Depreciation expense	\$ (4	- 125,346)	(425,346)
Because some property taxes will not be collected for several months after the District's year end, they are not considered as "available" revenue in the governmental funds. In the statement of activities amounts are recognized as revenue as they are considered earned. Deferred inflows of resources related to property taxes and the reserve for delinquent taxes receivable changed by this amount during the year.			7,325
District's proportionate share of actuarial calculated pension expense and net amortization of deferred amounts are recorded in the statement of activities, whereas in the governmental funds, pension expense is based on the District's contribution to the pension plan.			563,583
District's proportionate share of actuarial calculated OPEB expense and net amortization of deferred amounts are recorded in the statement of activities, whereas in the governmental funds, OPEB expense is based on the District's contribution to the plans.			492
In the statement of activities, certain operating expenses - compensated absences are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used. During the current year, compensated absences changed by this amount.		<u>.</u>	(43,725)
Change in net position of governmental activities		:	\$ 1,079,230

Revenue	G	Total overnmental Funds	Long-term set and Outflow Transactions	Lia	Long-term ability and Inflow Transactions	Reclassification and Eliminations		_	atement of Activities Totals
Real property taxes, levied for general purposes	\$	1,925,030	\$ 7,325	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,932,355
Other taxes levied		608,990	-		-		-		608,990
Interest and earnings		37,620	-		-		-		37,620
Other local sources		319,414	-		-		(288,708)		30,706
State sources		7,811,240	-		-		(2,347,171)		5,464,069
Federal sources		61,923	-		-		(61,923)		-
Total revenue		10,764,217	7,325		-		(2,697,802)		8,073,740
Expenditures		F 707 404	040.054		(200,022)		(4.040.000)		0.005.740
Instruction		5,707,421	249,054		(328,033)		(1,942,699)		3,685,743
Instructional student support		652,199	28,414		(45,217)		(176,565)		458,831
Administrative and financial support services		1,194,077	52,066		(78,352)		(168,707)		999,084
Operation and maintenance of plant services		1,218,189	56,396		(48,373)		(55,099)		1,171,113
Pupil transportation		542,037	23,600		- (0.000)		(246,067)		319,570
Central support		120,911	5,265		(9,200)		(19,485)		97,491
Other support services		22,157	-		-		- (00.074)		22,157
Student activities		281,087	10,551		(11,175)		(39,951)		240,512
Facilities acquisition, construction and improv.		49,229	-		-		(49,229)		-
Refunds of prior years revenues		9	-		(700.070)		- (2.22= 222)		9
Total expenditures		9,787,316	425,346		(520,350)		(2,697,802)		6,994,510
Excess (deficiency) of revenue									
over expenditures	_	976,901	(418,021)		520,350		-		1,079,230
Net change for year	\$	976,901	\$ (418,021)	\$	520,350	\$	-	\$	1,079,230

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

The Johnsonburg Area School District is governed by the Education Law and other general laws of the State of Pennsylvania. The governing body is the Board of Education. The scope of activities included within the accompanying financial statements are those transactions which comprise School District operations, and are governed by or significantly influenced by, the Board of Education. Essentially, the primary function of the School District is to provide education for pupils. Support services such as transportation of pupils, administration, finance and plant maintenance are also included. The financial reporting entity includes all funds, account groups, functions and organizations over which the School District officials exercise oversight responsibility. responsibility is determined on the basis of financial interdependency, selection of governing authority, designation of management, ability to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters.

B. Basis of Presentation

1. <u>District-wide Statements</u>

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present financial information about the District's governmental activities. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government in its entirety, except those that are fiduciary. Eliminations have been made to minimize double counting of internal transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, state subsidy, intergovernmental revenues, and other exchange and non-exchange transactions. Operating grants include operatingspecific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants. Business-type activities include the District's food service operation which is financed through sales and reimbursements of breakfasts and lunches.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenue.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

B. Basis of Presentation (continued)

2. Fund Financial Statements

The fund statements provide information about the District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category (governmental, proprietary and fiduciary) are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column.

a. Governmental Fund Types

Governmental funds are those funds used to account for and report the operations of the School District. The acquisition, use, and balances of financial resources and related assets and liabilities are reported therein. The measurement focus is the determination of changes in financial position rather than net income determination. The following funds and aggregate governmental fund types are employed in accounting for and reporting School District operations. The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the School District and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

b. Proprietary Fund Types

Proprietary Fund Types are used to account and report activities that are similar to business operations in the private sector where the focus is on determining net income and cash flows. Proprietary Fund Types include the following fund:

<u>Food Service Fund</u> - Accounts for all revenue and expenses pertaining to cafeteria operations.

B. Basis of Presentation (continued)

2. Fund Financial Statements (continued)

c. Fiduciary Fund Types

Fiduciary Fund Types are used to account for fiduciary activities. Fiduciary activities are those in which the District acts as trustee or agent for resources that belong to others. These activities are not included in the district-wide financial statements, because their resources do not belong to the District, and are not available to be used. Agency Funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and generally are accounted for on the cash basis which approximates the modified accrual basis of accounting.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The district-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The governmental fund statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period, except for real property taxes, which are considered to be available if they are collected within 60 days after the end of the fiscal year.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (continued)

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

D. <u>Budgeting Policies - Governmental Fund Types</u>

1. General

The School District's policy relating to budgetary information as shown in the accompanying financial statements is for the School District administration to culminate a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education prior to commencement of a new fiscal year. Appropriations established by adoption of the budget constitute a limitation on expenditures which may be incurred.

2. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of moneys are recorded in order to reserve applicable appropriations, is employed as a control in preventing overexpenditure of established appropriations. Open encumbrances are reported as a reservation of fund equity since such commitments will be honored through budget appropriations in the subsequent year. Encumbrances do not constitute expenditures or liabilities.

E. Local Taxes

Real property taxes are levied annually by the Board of Education and received by tax collectors by December 31. Uncollected real property taxes are subsequently enforced by Elk County. An amount representing uncollected real property taxes transmitted to the County for re-levy is recorded as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental fund financial statements until collected by the County.

Per capita, earned income and realty transfer taxes are levied annually by the Board of Education. Uncollected taxes are subsequently enforced by the tax collectors.

F. Inventory

Inventories of food in the Food Service Fund are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis or in the case of surplus food, at stated value which approximates market.

G. Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported at actual cost for acquisitions subsequent to June 30, 2019. For assets acquired prior to June 30, 2019, estimated historical costs, based on appraisals conducted by independent third-party professionals was used. Donated assets are reported at estimated fair market value at the time received.

Capitalization thresholds (the dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the district-wide statements as follows:

		Capitalization Threshold	Depreciation Method	Estimated Useful Life
Buildings Land and Site	\$	5,000	Straight-line	50 years
improvements Furniture and	\$	5,000	Straight-line	20 years
equipment \$ Vehicles \$	5,000 5,000	Straight-line Straight-line	5-20 years 8 years	

H. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The government has several items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first item is related to pensions reported in the districtwide Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net change in the District's proportion of the collective net pension asset or liability and difference during the measurement period between the District's contributions and its proportion share of total contributions to the pension system not included in pension expense. The second item is related to OPEB reporting in the district-wide Statement of Net Position which represents actuarial differences that are deferred and amortized. Lastly is the District contributions to the pension and OPEB systems subsequent to the measurement date.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

H. <u>Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources</u> (continued)

net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has several items that qualify for reporting in this category. First arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting and is reported as unavailable revenue - taxes. The second item is related to pensions reported in the district-wide Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net change in the District's proportion of the collective net pension liability and difference during the measurement periods between the District's contributions and its proportion share of total contributions to the pension system not included in pension expense. The final item is related to OPEB reporting in the district-wide Statement of Net Position which represents actuarial differences that are deferred and amortized.

I. Long-Term Debt

1. General Long-Term Indebtedness

Bonds and general obligation notes and capital leases are recognized when issued.

2. Compensated Absences

The District does not permit the carryover of unused vacation days. Thus, unused days are lost as of June 30, and the financial statements, accordingly, do not contain a provision for unused vacation time.

The District provides compensated absences benefits for all employees. The support staff accrues \$14 per sick day pay up to a maximum of \$1,120 and is paid only upon retirement. The professional staff accrues \$60 per sick day pay up to a maximum of \$15,000, and is payable upon retirement. Administration accruals range from \$42-\$65 a day for unused sick time and is payable upon retirement. In the district-wide statement of net position as of June 30, 2020, \$113,637 was accrued for compensated absences.

J. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public School Employees' Retirement System (PSERS) and additions to/deductions from PSERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms investments are reported at fair value.

J. Pensions (continued)

Plan description

The Public School Employees' Retirement System (PSERS) is a governmental cost-sharing multi-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to public school employees of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The members eligible to participate in the System include all full-time public school employees, part-time hourly public school employees who render at least 500 hours of service in the school year, and part-time per diem public school employees who render at least 80 days of service in the school year in any of the reporting entities in Pennsylvania. PSERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.psers.state.pa.us.

Benefits provided

PSERS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Members are eligible for monthly retirement benefits upon reaching (a) age 62 with at least 1 year of credited service; (b) age 60 with 30 or more years of credited service; or (c) 35 or more years of service regardless of age. Act 120 of 2010 (Act 120) preserves the benefits of existing members and introduced benefit reductions for individuals who become new members on or after July 1, 2011. Act 120 created two new membership classes, Membership Class T-E (Class T-E) and Membership Class T-F (Class T-F). To qualify for normal retirement, Class T-E and Class T-F members must work until age 65 with a minimum of 3 years of service to attain a total combination of age and service that is equal to or greater than 92 with a minimum of 35 years of service. Benefits are generally equal to 2% or 2.5%, depending upon membership class, of the member's final average salary (as defined in the Code) multiplied by the number of years of credited service. For members whose membership started prior to July 1, 2011, after completion of five years of service, a member's right to the defined benefits is vested and early retirement benefits may be elected. For Class T-E and Class T-F members, the right to benefits is vested after ten years of service.

Participants are eligible for disability retirement benefits after completion of five years of credited service. Such benefits are generally equal to 2% or 2.5%, depending upon membership class, of the member's final average salary (as defined by the Code) multiplied by the number of years of credited service, but not less than one-third of such salary nor greater than the benefit the member would have had at normal retirement age. Members over normal retirement age may apply for disability benefits.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

J. Pensions (continued)

Benefits provided (continued)

Death benefits are payable upon the death of an active member who has reached age 62 with at least one year of credited service (age 65 with at least three years of credited service for Class T-E and Class T-F members) or who has at least five years of credited service (ten years for Class T-E and Class T-F members). Such benefits are actuarially equivalent to the benefit that would have been effective if the member had retired on the day before death.

Contributions

Member contributions:

Active members who joined the System prior to July 22, 1983, contribute at 5.25% (Membership Class T-C) or at 6.5% (Membership Class T-D) of the member's qualifying compensation.

Members who joined the System on or after July 22, 1983, and who were active or inactive as of July 1, 2001, contribute at 6.25% (Membership Class T-C) or at 7.5% (Membership Class T-D) of the member's qualifying compensation.

Members who joined the System after June 30, 2001 and before July 1, 2011 contribute at 7.5% (automatic Membership Class T-D). For all new hires and for members who elected Class T-D membership, the higher contribution rates began with service rendered on or after January 1, 2002.

Members who joined the System after June 30, 2011, automatically contribute at the Membership Class T-E rate of 7.5% (base rate) of the member's qualifying compensation. All new hires after June 30, 2011, who elect Class T-F membership, contribute at 10.3% (base rate) of the member's qualifying compensation. Membership Class T-E and Class T-F are affected by a "shared risk" provision in Act 120 of 2010 that in future fiscal years could cause the Membership Class T-E contribution rate to fluctuate between 7.5% and 9.5% and Membership Class T-F contribution rate to fluctuate between 10.3% and 12.3%.

Employer contributions:

The school districts' contractually required contribution rate for fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 was 34.29% (33.36% - pension, .09 – Act 5 defined contribution, .84% - health care contributions) of covered payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the District were approximately \$1,459,000 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

K. Other Post-employment Benefits

Plan Descriptions

The Johnsonburg Area School District has two separate other post-employment benefit plans that are provided to District employees and retirees which include a District Plan based on bargaining agreements and the Health Insurance Premium Assistance Program offered through the Pennsylvania Public School Employees' Retirement System.

District Plan

General Information

The District maintains a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan (the District Plan). The District Plan provides medical and dental insurance benefits to eligible retires and their spouses. Benefit provisions are based on bargaining agreements as negotiated from time to time. The District Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report. Eligibility for the District Plan is established by the District and specified in the District's employment contracts. For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the District Plan is determined on the basis of an actuarial valuation dated July 1, 2019.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 the plan had total active employees of 85 and retirees of 5.

Health Insurance Premium Assistance Program

General Information

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public School Employees' Retirement System (PSERS) and additions to/deductions from PSERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The System provides Premium Assistance which, is a governmental cost sharing, multiple-employer other postemployment benefit plan (OPEB) for all eligible retirees who qualify and elect to participate.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

K. Other Post-employment Benefits (continued)

Health Insurance Premium Assistance Program (continued)

General Information (continued)

Employer contribution rates for Premium Assistance are established to provide reserves in the Health Insurance Account that are sufficient for the payment of Premium Assistance benefits for each succeeding year. Effective January 1, 2002 under the provisions of Act 9 of 2001, participating eligible retirees are entitled to receive premium assistance payments equal to the lesser of \$100 per month or their out of pocket monthly health insurance premium. To receive premium assistance, eligible retirees must obtain their health insurance through either their school employer or the PSERS' Health Options Program. As of June 30, 2019 there were no assumed future benefit increases to participating eligible retirees.

Premium Assistance Eligibility Criteria

Retirees of the System can participate in the Premium Assistance program if they satisfy the following criteria:

- Have 24 years or more years of service, or
- · Are a disability retiree, or
- Have 15 or more years of service and retired after reaching superannuation age, and
- Participate in the HOP or employer-sponsored health insurance program.

Pension Plan description

PSERS is a governmental cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to public school employees of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The members eligible to participate in the System include all full-time public school employees, part-time hourly public school employees who render at least 500 hours of service in the school year, and part-time per diem public school employees who render at least 80 days of service in the school year in any of the reporting entities in Pennsylvania. PSERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained www.psers.pa.gov.

K. Other Post-employment Benefits (continued)

Health Insurance Premium Assistance Program (continued)

Benefits provided

Participating eligible retirees are entitled to receive premium assistance payments equal to the lesser of \$100 per month or their out-of-pocket monthly health insurance premium. To receive premium assistance, eligible retirees must obtain their health insurance through either their school employer or the PSERS' Health Options Program. As of June 30, 2019, there were no assumed future benefit increases to participating eligible retirees.

Employer Contributions

The school districts' contractually required contribution rate for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 was 0.84% of covered payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$36,000 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

L. Fund Equity

1. Governmental Funds

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions (GASB 54). This Statement defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes.

GASB 54 requires the fund balance amounts to be reported within one of the fund balance categories listed below:

A. Nonspendable

Fund balance associated with assets that are inherently nonspendable in the current period because of their form or because they must be maintained intact, including inventories, prepaids, long-term loans and notes receivable, and property held for relate (unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned).

B. Restricted

Fund balance amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes stipulated by constitutional, external resource providers including creditors, grantors, contributors, etc., or through enabling legislation.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

L. Fund Equity (continued)

1. Governmental Funds (continued)

C. Committed

Fund balance amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the District's Board of Education, which is the District's highest level of decision-making authority. The District had committed fund balance totaling \$1,300,000 as of June 30, 2020 related to facility and technology improvements.

D. Assigned

Fund balance intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but does not meet the criteria to be restricted or committed. Along with the District's Board of Education, the Business Manager and Treasurer has been authorized to assign fund balance amounts for specific purposes through the establishment of an encumbrance.

1. Encumbrance Accounting

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments of the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is used in the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, and Capital Projects Fund. If resources have already been restricted or committed for encumbrances, the encumbered amounts will be included with restricted or committed resources. If resources have not already been restricted or committed, amounts encumbered are considered assigned for the purpose of the expected expenditure.

2. <u>Designation for Subsequent Years</u> Expenditures

The amount of \$- has been designated as the amount estimated to be appropriated to reduce taxes for the year ending June 30, 2021.

E. Unassigned

The residual classification of the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications.

2. Government-wide financial statements

A. Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt

This designation of net position is used to accumulate the capital asset balance in the statement of net position less accumulated depreciation and outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

L. Fund Equity (continued)

2. <u>Government-wide</u> <u>financial</u> <u>statements</u> (continued)

B. Restricted

This category represents amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes stipulated by constitutional, external resource providers including creditors, grantors, contributors, etc., or through enabling legislation.

C. Unrestricted

This category represents net position of the District not restricted for any other purpose.

3. Order of Fund Balance Spending Policy

When more than one classification of fund balance of the District are eligible to be utilized for an expenditure of the District, the order in which the fund balance classifications will be utilized will be as follows:

- Restricted fund balance for which action has been taken by the Board of Education, a designated school official, or by the voters of the District, specifically designating funds to the expenditure;
- Committed fund balance for which action has been taken by the Board of Education, a designated school official, or by the voters of the District, specifically designating funds to the expenditure:
- c. Assigned fund balance created specifically for the expenditure (encumbered fund balance);
- d. Assigned fund balance within funds other than the General Fund of the District to which the expenditure relates;
- e. Unassigned fund balance.

M. Investments

Investments are carried at market value which approximates cost.

N. Reclassifications

Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform with the current year presentation.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

O. Interfund Activity

The amounts reported on the Statement of Net Position for due to and from other funds represents amounts due between different fund types (governmental activities, business-type activities and fiduciary funds). Eliminations have been made for amounts due to and due from within the same fund type. A detailed description of the individual fund balances at year-end is provided subsequently in these notes.

During the course of operations, the *Johnsonburg Area School District* has numerous transactions between funds, including expenditures and transfers of revenue to provide services and construct assets. Eliminations have been also made for amounts transferred to and from the same fund type.

P. Estimates

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities and the reported revenue and expenditures/expenses.

Q. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For financial statement purposes, all highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less are considered as cash equivalents. This includes certificates of deposit, treasury notes and treasury bills.

NOTE 2 - EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS AND DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS

Due to the differences in the measurement focus and basis of accounting used in the governmental fund statements and the district-wide statements, certain financial transactions are treated differently. The basic financial statements contain a full reconciliation of these items. The differences result primarily from the economic focus of the Statement of Activities, compared with the current financial resources focus of the governmental funds.

A. <u>Total Fund Equity of Governmental Funds vs. Net</u> Position of Governmental Activities

Total fund equity of the District's governmental funds differs from "net position" of governmental activities reported in the Statement of Net Position. This difference primarily results from the additional long-term economic focus of the Statement of Net Position versus the solely current financial resources focus of the governmental fund Balance Sheet.

NOTE 2 - EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES
BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS
AND DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS (continued)

B. Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Equity vs. Statement of Activities

Differences between the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Equity and the Statement of Activities fall into one of three broad categories, which are summarized below.

1. Long-term Revenue Differences

Long-term revenue differences arise because governmental funds report revenue only when they are considered "measurable" and "available", whereas the Statement of Activities reports revenue when earned. Differences in long-term expenses arise because governmental funds report on a modified accrual basis, whereas the accrual basis of accounting is used on the Statement of Activities.

2. Capital Related Differences

Capital related differences include the difference between proceeds for the sale of capital assets reported on governmental fund statements and the gain or loss on the sale of assets as reported on the Statement of Activities, and the difference between recording an expenditure for the purchase of capital items in the governmental fund statements and depreciation expense on those items as recorded in the Statement of Activities.

3. Long-term Debt Transaction Differences

Long-term debt transaction differences occur because both interest and principal payments are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund statements, whereas interest payments are recorded in the Statement of Activities as incurred, and principal payments are recorded as a reduction of liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

4. Pension Differences

Pension differences occur as a result of changes in the District's proportion of collective net pension asset/liability and differences between the District's contributions and its proportionate share of the total contributions to the pension system.

NOTE 2 - EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES
BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS
AND DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS (continued)

B. <u>Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Equity vs. Statement of Activities (continued)</u>

5. OPEB Differences

OPEB differences occur as a result of changes in the District's total OPEB liability and differences between the District's contributions and OPEB expense.

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

A. Deposits

The School District invests excess funds with banks or trust companies authorized to do business in Pennsylvania. All funds were held by commercial banks and trust companies are authorized by the Board of Education as the official depositories for the District's funds.

The District's cash and investments are required to be secured (for funds in excess of the FDIC insurance limitation of \$250,000) by a pledge of governmental securities having a market value at least equal to the amount on deposit. The banks use the pooling method to pledge securities for all public funds that are on deposit. This method allows the depository to pledge securities in one lump sum that covers all public funds on deposit at the bank.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure the District's deposits may not be returned to it. While the District does not have a specific policy with regards to custodial credit risk, State statutes govern the District's investment policies. At June 30, 2020, the District's bank deposits were fully collateralized.

Total financial institution balances at June 30, 2020, per the bank, were approximately \$4,259,000 of which \$250,000 was secured by FDIC insurance and \$4,009,000 was secured by the banks as required by Act 72 of 1971.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2020 were as follows:

Julie 30, 2020 Well	- 0	is ioliows.					
		Beginning Balance 06/30/19		Net Chanç	ge		Ending Balance 06/30/20
Governmental activities:							
Capital assets: Land and site improvements	\$	2,030,751	\$	(278,9	30)	\$	1,751,821
Buildings and improvements		18,761,304		(214,1	90)		18,547,114
Furniture and equipment		417,223		113,	483		530,706
Vehicles		249,178		(42,2	25)		206,953
Total historical cost		21,458,456		(421,8	62)		21,036,594
Accumulated depreciation: Land and land							
improvements Buildings and		1,193,243		47,	417		1,240,660
improvements Furniture and		11,389,822		(23,5	32)		11,366,290
equipment Vehicles		361,192 249,178		124,: (71,5			485,765 177,631
Less accumulated depreciation:		13,193,435	\$	76,	911		13,270,346
Total net book value	\$	8,265,021				\$	7,766,248
Proprietary/business type activities:	-						
Building, furniture and equipment	\$	319,023	\$		-	\$	319,023
Less accumulated depreciation:		319,023	\$	(21,2	66)		297,757
Total net book value	\$	_				\$	21,266
	:=	Gov	ern	mental		Bus	orietary/ siness-
Depreciation expens	e:		J.111	oui	-		.,,,,,
Instruction Support services		\$		49,054 65,741	\$		- -
Non-instructional s	erv			10,551	ф —		3,355
		\$ <u></u>	4.	25,346	\$_		3,355

NOTE 5 - INDEBTEDNESS

A. Short-Term Debt

1. Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes

The District did not issue any tax or revenue anticipation notes during the current fiscal year.

NOTE 5 - INDEBTEDNESS (continued)

B. Long-Term Debt

1. Bonds Payable

The District did not have any outstanding bonds payable as of June 30, 2020.

2. Summary of Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of long-term liabilities outstanding, at June 30, 2020:

	Balance June 30,	Amounts Due Within		Balance June 30,
Description	2020	One Year	_	2019
Other post- employment				
benefits	\$ 1,157,632	-	\$	1,311,053
Net pension liability Compensated	14,737,000	-		15,650,000
absences	113,637		_	69,912
	\$ 16,008,269	\$	\$_	17,030,965

Net pension liability decreased by \$913,000 and resulted from of a decrease of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability of the State's pension system. Other postemployment benefits decreased by \$153,421 due to a change in the actuarial valuations, and compensated absences increased by \$43,725 due to an increase in vested accumulated sick time.

3. Long-term Debt Interest

The District had no long-term interest during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

NOTE 6 - RETIREMENT PLAN

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$14,737,000 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by rolling forward the System's total pension liability as of June 30, 2018 to June 30, 2019. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was calculated utilizing the employer's one-year reported covered payroll as it relates to the total one-year reported covered payroll. At June 30, 2020, the District's proportion was .0315%, which was a decrease of .0011% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019.

NOTE 6 - RETIREMENT PLAN (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized pension expense of \$879,000. At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	\$	\$ 42,000	
Difference between expected and actual experience	81,000	488,000	
Changes in proportions		1,528,000	
Changes in assumptions	141,000		
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,540,818		
	\$ 1,762,818	\$ 2,058,000	

\$1,540,818 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30:

2021	\$ (733,000)
2022	(851,000)
2023	(278,000)
2024	26,000
2025	 -

Net deferred outflow/inflow: \$ (1,836,000)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability as of June 30, 2019 was determined by rolling forward the System's total pension liability as of the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation to June 30, 2019 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

NOTE 6 - RETIREMENT PLAN (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

- Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal level % of pay.
- Investment return 7.25%, includes inflation at 2.75%
- Salary increases effective average of 5.0%, which reflects an allowance for inflation of 2.75% and real wage growth and merit or seniority increases of 2.25%
- Disabled Tables (male and female) with age set back 7 years for males and 3 years for females.
- Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Mortality Tables for males and females adjusted to reflect PSERS" experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2015 Mortality Improvement Scale.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the experience study performed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested plan assets is established and may be amended by the Board. Plan assets are managed with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the pension.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the annual money weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 6.58%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Global public equity	20.0%	5.6%
Fixed income	36.0%	1.9%
Commodities	8.0%	2.7%
Absolute return	10.0%	3.4%
Risk parity	10.0%	4.1%
Infrastructure/MLPs	8.0%	5.5%
Real estate	10.0%	4.1%
Alternative investments	15.0%	7.4%
Cash	3.0%	0.4%
Financing (LIBOR)	(20.0)%	0.7%
	100%	

The above was the Board's adopted asset allocation policy and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2019.

NOTE 6 - RETIREMENT PLAN (continued)

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The following presents the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.25%) or 1-percentage point higher (8.25%) that the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount	Increase
	6.25%	Rate 7.25%	8.25%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$18,356,000	\$ 14.737.000	\$11.672.000

System Net Pension Liability

The components of the total PSERS net pension liability as of June 30, 2019 are as follows:

	(Dollar Amounts in		
		Thousands)	
Total pension liability	\$	105,516,492	
Less: System fiduciary net position		58,733,884	
System net pension liability	\$	46,782,608	
System fiduciary net position as a			
percentage of total pension liability		55.66%	

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about PSERS' fiduciary net position is available in PSERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found on the System's website at www.psers.state.pa.us.

NOTE 7 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS

District Plan

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$487,632. The net OPEB liability was measured as of July 1, 2019 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019.

NOTE 7 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (continued)

District Plan (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$48,982. At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual	\$		\$	188,096
earnings				
Changes in proportion				
Changes in assumptions		9,613		12,817
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		25,474		
Total	\$	35,087	\$	200,913

\$25,474 was reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2021. Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended:	
2021	\$ (15,421)
2022	(15,421)
2023	(15,421)
2024	(15,421)
2025	(15,421)
Thereafter	(114,195)

Actuarial Assumptions

The Total OPEB Liability as of the measurement date of July 1, 2019, was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

- Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal level % of pay.
- Investment return 3.36% S&P 20 Year Municipal Bond Rate.
- Salary growth composed of a 2.5% cost of living adjustment, 1% real wage growth and for teachers and administrators a merit increase which varies by age from 0% to 2.75%.
- Assumed Healthcare cost trends of 5.5% in 2019 through 2021. Rates decrease from 5.4% in 2022 to 3.8% in 2075.

NOTE 7 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (continued)

District Plan (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

 Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Mortality Tables for Males and Females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2015 Mortality Improvement Scale.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Service cost	\$ 44,816
Interest	19,587
Differences between expected and	
actual experience	(159,701)
Changes in assumptions	(13,803)
Benefit payments	(34,320)
Net changes	(143,421)
Net OPEB liability – beginning of year	631,053
Net OPEB liability – end of year	\$ 487,632

<u>Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in</u> the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher that the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1% Decrease (2.8%-4.5%)	Current Assumption (3.8%-5.5%)	1% Increase (4.8%-6.5%)
Total District Plan OPEB liability	\$ 432,318	\$ 487,632	\$ 553,963

<u>Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u>

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher that the current discount rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Assumption	Increase
	(2.36%)	(3.36%)	(4.36%)
Total District Plan OPEB liability	\$ 524,649	\$ 487,632	\$ 452,916

NOTE 7 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (continued)

PSERS - Health Insurance Premium Assistance Program

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$670,000 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by rolling forward the System's total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2018 to June 30, 2019. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was calculated utilizing the employer's one-year reported covered payroll as it relates to the total one-year reported covered payroll. At June 30, 2020, the District's proportion was .0315%, which was a decrease of .0011% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$15,000. At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Ou	eferred tflows of sources	Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual						
experience	\$	4,000	\$			
Changes in assumptions		22,000		20,000		
Net difference between projected and actual	•					
earnings		1,000				
Changes in proportion		·		82,000		
Difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of total contributions				,		
Benefit payments subsequent to						
measurement date		39,000				
Total	\$	66,000	\$	102,000		

NOTE 7 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLANS (continued)

PSERS - Health Insurance Premium Assistance Program (continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (continued)

\$39,000 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2021. Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ending:	
2021	\$ (17,000)
2022	(17,000)
2023	(17,000)
2024	(18,000)
2025	(4,000)
Thereafter	(2,000)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2019, was determined by rolling forward the System's total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2018 to June 30, 2019 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

- Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal level % of pay.
- Investment return 2.79% S&P 20 Year Municipal Bond Rate.
- Salary growth Effective average of 5.00%, comprised of inflation of 2.75% and 2.25% for real wage growth and for merit or seniority increases.
- Premium Assistance reimbursement is capped at \$1,200 per year.
- Assumed Healthcare cost trends were applied to retirees with less than \$1,200 in premium assistance per year.
- Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Mortality Tables for Males and Females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2015 Mortality Improvement Scale.
- Participation rate:
 - Eligible retirees will elect to participate Pre age 65 at 50%
 - Eligible retirees will elect to participate Post age 65 at 70%

NOTE 7 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLANS (continued)

PSERS - Health Insurance Premium Assistance Program (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

The following assumptions were used to determine the contribution rate:

- The results of the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018 determined the employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2019.
- Cost Method: Amount necessary to assure solvency of Premium Assistance through the third fiscal year after the valuation date.
- Asset valuation method: Market Value.
- Participation rate: 63% of eligible retirees are assumed to elect premium assistance.
- Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Mortality Tables for Males and Females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2015 Mortality Improvement Scale.

Investments consist primarily of short term assets designed to protect the principal of the plan assets. The expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using the OPEB asset allocation policy and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each asset class.

The OPEB plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested plan assets is established and may be amended by the Board. Under the program, as defined in the retirement code employer contribution rates for Premium Assistance are established to provide reserves in the Health Insurance Account that are sufficient for the payment of Premium Assistance benefits for each succeeding year.

OPEB - Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash US Cored Fixed income Non-US Developed Fund	13.2% 83.1% 3.7%	0.2% 1.0% .0%
	100%	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

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NOTE 7 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (continued)

PSERS - Health Insurance Premium Assistance Program (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

The above was the Board's adopted asset allocation policy and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2019.

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 2.79%. Under the plan's funding policy, contributions are structured for short term funding of Premium Assistance. The funding policy sets contribution rates necessary to assure solvency of Premium Assistance through the third fiscal year after the actuarial valuation date. The Premium Assistance account is funded to establish reserves that are sufficient for the payment of Premium Assistance benefits for each succeeding year. Due to the short term funding policy, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be sufficient to meet projected future benefit payments, therefore the plan is considered a "pay-as-you-go" plan. A discount rate of 2.79% which represents the S&P 20 year Municipal Bond Rate at June 30, 2019, was applied to all projected benefit payments to measure the total OPEB liability.

<u>Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates</u>

Healthcare cost trends were applied to retirees receiving less than \$1,200 in annual Premium Assistance. As of June 30, 2019, retirees Premium Assistance benefits are not subject to future healthcare cost increases. The annual Premium Assistance reimbursement for qualifying retirees is capped at a maximum of \$1,200. As of June 30, 2019, 93,339 retirees were receiving the maximum amount allowed of \$1,200 per year. As of June 30, 2019, 780 members were receiving less than the maximum amount allowed of \$1,200 per year. The actual number of retirees receiving less than the \$1,200 per year cap is a small percentage of the total population and has a minimal impact on Healthcare Cost Trends as depicted below.

NOTE 7 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (continued)

PSERS - Health Insurance Premium Assistance Program (continued)

<u>Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in</u> the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher that the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	 1% ecrease	_	Current sumption	1%	Increase
Total Health Insurance Premium Assistance OPEB liability	\$ 670,000	\$	670,000	\$	670,000

<u>Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in</u> the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Assumption	Increase
	(1.79%)	(2.79%)	(3.79%)
Total Health Insurance Premium Assistance OPEB liability	\$ 763,000	\$ 670,000	\$ 593,000

OPEB plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about PSERS' fiduciary net position is available in PSERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found on the System's website at www.psers.pa.gov.

NOTE 8 - RECEIVABLES

Taxes Receivable

Taxes receivable amounted to \$379,725 at June 30, 2020 and consist of the estimated delinquent real property taxes levied by the District but not yet collected and earned income taxes collected in the first two months of the 2021 fiscal year. Real property taxes are ultimately collectible either by payment from the property owner or from the proceeds of a public sale of the levied property. The District recorded a \$5,900 reserve for potential uncollectible delinquent real estate taxes on the district-wide financial statements.

State and Federal Aid Receivable

Included in the state and federal aid receivable balance of \$415,024 in the General Fund as of June 30, 2020 are amounts due from the Pennsylvania State Department of Education for reimbursement of expenditures incurred by the District.

Other Receivables

Other receivables include \$8,728 in the General Fund as of June 30, 2020 due from the Seneca Highlands Intermediate Unit of Education for reimbursement of expenditures incurred by the District. Also, included in other receivables is \$40,298 in the Food Service Fund from the District's third party provider.

NOTE 9 - DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES - REVENUES NOT AVAILABLE - TAXES

Deferred inflows of resources are reported on the District's combined balance sheet. Deferred inflows of resources revenue arises when potential revenue does not meet both the measurable and available criteria for recognition in the current period. Deferred inflows of resources also arises when resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both recognition criteria are met, or when the District has legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred inflows of resources is removed and revenue is recognized.

Deferred inflows of resources in the General Fund amounted to \$251,562 as of June 30, 2020. This balance pertains to taxes receivable at the end of the fiscal year less amounts collected within sixty days subsequent to the year-end. This amount is recognized as revenue in the Statement of Activities.

NOTE 10 – UNEARNED REVENUE

Unearned revenue recorded in the Proprietary fund relates to amounts owed to the District to students who have a prepaid balance on their school lunch account. Also, included in this amount are donated commodity inventories from the United States Department of Agriculture not yet utilized for operations.

NOTE 11 - COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The District does not accrue a liability in the governmental funds for accumulating, non-vesting sick leave, since payment is based on an uncontrollable future event (sickness). In accordance with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 16, the value of accumulating, non-vesting sick leave is considered a contingent liability. The District reports approximately \$152,000 at June 30, 2020 for accumulating, non-vesting sick leave.

In the district-wide statements, as of June 30, 2020, \$113,637 was accrued for accumulating, vesting sick leave and longevity payments.

NOTE 12 - FUND EQUITY

The District's fund equity is comprised of various components as presented below:

Category/Fund	ategory/Fund Description				
Nonspendable: General	Prepaid expense	\$	7,074		
Committed:					
General General	Facility Improvements Technology Improvements	\$ \$	1,150,000 150,000 1,300,000		

NOTE 13 - CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

A. Federal and State Grants

The School District participates in both state and federal assisted grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. The School District is potentially liable for any expenditures which may be disallowed pursuant to the terms of these grant programs. Management is not aware of any material items of noncompliance which would result in the disallowance of program expenditures

.

NOTE 13 - CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS (continued)

B. Litigation

The School District, in the normal course of its operations, is involved in various litigation and arbitration cases. Management is of the opinion that any unfavorable outcome resulting from these actions would not have a material effect on the School District's financial position.

C. Self-Insurance

The School District is a participant in a multiple employer cost-sharing trust established for the purpose of self-insuring hospitalization expenses. The trust makes monthly premium payments to its program administrator who pays claims submitted. Monthly premiums are based on claims paid experience provided by the administrator, plus a premium stabilization amount. On a yearly basis, the administrator reconciles claims paid against premiums received.

D. Risk Financing and Related Insurance

1. General Information

The *Johnsonburg Area School District* is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; natural disasters, etc. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past two years.

For its employee health and accident coverage, *Johnsonburg Area School District* is a participant in a Blue Cross and Blue Shield Medical Plan consortium, a public entity risk pool operated for the benefit of individual governmental units located within the Seneca Highlands Intermediate Unit 9. The School District pays monthly premiums to the Plan for this health coverage.

The Plan provides health coverage for its members and all claims are paid from the total premiums contributed by the members of the consortium. Excess claims over premiums are funded from a stabilization fund held by the Seneca Highlands Intermediate Unit Insurance Trust, while premiums in excess of the claims are refunded to the Insurance Trust.

2. Risk Sharing Pools

For its workers compensation insurance, *Johnsonburg Area School District* is a participant in the Pennsylvania Insurance Consortium for Schools, a public entity risk pool operated for the benefit of school districts located throughout the State of Pennsylvania.

NOTE 14 - PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS

During the year ended June 30, 2020, the District had anew independent appraisal on fixed assets resulting in a prior period adjustment. The effect of this prior period adjustment on the governmental activities was a decrease in the cost basis of \$421,862, a decrease in accumulated depreciation of \$348,435 and a decrease in the beginning net position of \$73,427. The effect of this prior period adjustment on the business-type activities was a decrease in accumulated depreciation of \$24,621 and an increase in the beginning net position of \$24,621.

NOTE 15 - COVID 19 PANDEMIC

In March 2020, the World health Organization declared the novel strain of COVID-19 (coronavirus) a global pandemic and has become increasingly widespread in the United States. The coronavirus outbreak has had a significant impact on financial markets and general economic conditions.

As a result, the District was forced to close its school buildings and move to a remote learning environment for the remainder of the school year. The District froze certain spending but maintained the majority of its workforce and contracted services. The District also provided free breakfast and lunches to all students (except those who opted out) through the Federal Seamless Summer Option program.

Also, in March 2020, the Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security (CARES) Act was passed which provides funding and emergency assistance to Organizations including public school districts. The Pennsylvania Department of Education has allocated approximately \$120,000 of CARES Act assistance to the District which is for the funding period of March 13, 2020 through September 30, 2022. Also, the Pennsylvania Commission on Crime and Delinquency has allocated approximately \$142,000 of CARES Act assistance to the District which is for the funding period of March 13, 2020 through October 30, 2020. As of June 30, 2020 the District has expended \$0.

Given the uncertainty regarding the COVID-19 pandemic the overall financial impact to the District cannot be reasonably predicted or estimated at this time.

NOTE 16 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent events were evaluated by Management through December 9, 2020, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

In October 2020, the Pennsylvania Commission on Crime and Delinquency has allocated an additional \$16,413 of funding to address the COVID-19 pandemic.



JOHNSONBURG AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUE AND EXPENDITURES - GENERAL FUND

Fiscal years ended June 30,	 2020	2019
Revenue		
Local sources:		
Taxes:		
Current real estate taxes	\$ 1,712,291 \$	1,706,237
Per capita	174,328	179,411
Realty transfer and earned income	424,778	470,499
Public utility realty tax	2,276	2,501
Payment in lieu of taxes	71,529	76,025
Delinquent real estate taxes	148,818	194,162
Total tax revenue	 2,534,020	2,628,835
Interest and earnings	37,620	36,114
Federal revenue received from intermediate and local sources	270,802	259,304
Receipts from other LEAs in Pennsylvania	11,968	16,485
Tuition and other reimbursement	2,750	-
Refunds of prior year expenditures	-	15,771
Athletic receipts	13,730	12,915
Miscellaneous	20,164	44,737
Total local sources	2,891,054	3,014,161
State sources:		
Basic instructional subsidy	5,169,827	5,129,930
Property tax relief subsidy	283,819	283,830
Transportation	256,490	287,171
Special education	516,143	492,589
Social security and retirement	1,203,011	1,099,679
Vocational education	40,583	43,908
Health services	10,444	10,302
Safe schools grant	24,222	25,000
PA Pre-K counts	152,500	106,250
PA smart computer science and STEM grant	20,588	-
PA accountability grant	133,613	133,613
Total state sources	7,811,240	7,612,272
Federal sources:	· · ·	· · ·
Rural Education Achievement Program	25,772	26,149
Safe and Drug Free Schools	11,826	-
Medical Assistance	24,325	-
Total federal sources	61,923	26,149
	 ,	_3,::0
Total revenue and other sources	\$ 10,764,217 \$	10,652,582

Fiscal years ended June 30,	 2020	2019
Expenditures		
Instruction:		
Regular programs	\$ 3,849,965	, ,
Special programs	1,266,980	1,228,227
Vocational education programs	275,178	274,203
Other instructional programs	179,493	172,380
Pre-kindergarten	 135,805	131,071
Total instruction	 5,707,421	5,660,480
Support services:		
Pupil personnel	 318,017	309,277
Instructional staff	 152,791	126,105
Administration:		
Board services	18,030	18,051
Tax collections	41,307	41,820
Legal	3,655	5,155
Superintendent	206,847	196,353
Principals	513,843	568,929
Other administration	18,771	12,663
Total administration	 802,453	842,971
Other support services		
Pupil health	181,391	180,636
Business	391,624	382,876
Operation and maintenance of plant services	1,218,189	1,035,057
Student transportation services	542,037	519,376
Central support services	120,911	121,869
Other support services	22,157	27,607
Total other support services	 2,476,309	2,267,421
Total support services	 3,749,570	3,545,774
Noninstructional services:		
Student activities	255,034	247,144
Athletic expenses	26,053	49,024
Total noninstructional services	 281,087	296,168
Facilities, acquisition and improvement	49,229	83,982
Other financing uses:		
Refunds of prior year receipts	9	-
Total other financing uses	 9	-
Total expenditures and other financing uses	 9,787,316	9,586,404
Excess of revenue and other sources		
over expenditures and other financing uses	\$ 976,901	1,066,178

STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS - ACTIVITY FUND Page 41

						Total				
	В	alances	ances Total		Receipts &		Total		I	Balances
	July	01, 2019		Receipts		Balances		Payments	June 30, 2020	
Class of 2020	\$	1,641	\$	113,280	\$	114,921	\$	108,973	\$	5,948
Class of 2021		14,463		4,620		19,083		8,543		10,540
Class of 2022		5,350		2,205		7,555		2,477		5,078
Class of 2023		3,478		1,275		4,753		3,478		1,275
Stand Tall		731		3		734		-		734
FFA		1,277		19,601		20,878		20,171		707
Drama Club		2,494		8,294		10,788		7,419		3,369
Student Council -Elem		37		4,055		4,092		3,301		791
Yearbook-Elem		561		116		677		204		473
Library Club-Elem		186		3,337		3,523		2,774		749
Music Club		51		-		51		-		51
Stand Tall- Elem		119		234		353		-		353
Other - Elem		973		-		973		973		-
French Club		1,223		-		1,223		1,223		-
National Honor Society		1,498		-		1,498		384		1,114
Student Council		2,058		3,039		5,097		2,462		2,635
Yearbook		6,798		8,920		15,718		9,031		6,687
Science Club		2,364		9		2,373		182		2,191
Varisty Club		44		617		661		619		42
FCLLA		-		445		445		281		164
Jr. High Club		34		247		281		-		281
Total activity funds	\$	45,380	\$	170,297	\$	215,677	\$	172,495	\$	43,182

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE DISTRICT'S NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS – DISTRICT PLAN FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 THROUGH JUNE 30, 2020

Page 42

District Plan - Other Post-Employment Benefits

As of the measurement date of July 1,	2019		2018		2017	
Total OPEB Liability						
Service cost	\$	44,816	42,300	\$	45,025	
Interest		19,587	19,613		16,077	
Differences between expected and actual experience		(159,701)	-		(51,742)	
Changes in assumptions		(13,803)	1,212		11,164	
Benefit payments		(34,320)	(35,721)		(38,229)	
Net change in total OPEB liability		(143,421)	27,404		(17,705)	
Total OPEB liability - beginning		631,053	603,649		227,423	
Prior period adjustment	Φ.	407.000 (-	Φ.	393,931	
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	487,632	631,053	\$	603,649	
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer Benefit payments Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	34,320 S (34,320)	35,721 (35,721)	\$	38,229 (38,229)	
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		-	-			
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$	- (-	\$	-	
District's net OPEB liability	\$	487,632	631,053	\$	603,649	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability		0.00%	0.00%		0.00%	
Covered-employee payroll	\$	4,160,776	4,212,691	\$	4,212,691	
District's net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		11.72%	14.98%		14.33%	

Notes to Schedule:

Benefit Changes: None

Changes in assumptions: Discount rate changes - from 2.98% as of July 1, 2018 to 3.36% as of July 1, 2019

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE DISTRICT'S NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS – PSERS PLAN FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 THROUGH JUNE 30, 2020

Page 43

PSERS Plan - Health Insurance Premium Assistance Program

As of the measurement date of June 30,	2019		2018	2017	
Total OPEB Liability					
Service cost	\$	12,000 \$	11,000	12,000	
Interest	•	19,000	19,000	19,000	
Differences between projected and actual investment earnings		1,000	-	1,000	
Differences between expected and actual experience		1,000	4,000	-	
Changes in assumptions		16,000	18,000	(31,000)	
Changes in proportions		(23,000)	(37,000)	(62,000)	
Benefit payments		(36,000)	(36,000)	(38,000)	
Net change in total OPEB liability		(10,000)	(21,000)	(99,000)	
Total OPEB liability - beginning		680,000	701,000	-	
Prior period adjustment		-	-	800,000	
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	670,000 \$	680,000	701,000	
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer Benefit payments Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	36,000 \$ (36,000)	36,000 (36,000)	38,000 (38,000)	
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		-	-	-	
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$	- \$	- (-	
District's net OPEB liability	\$	670,000 \$	680,000	701,000	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
Covered-employee payroll	\$	4,344,077 \$	4,394,852	4,575,441	
District's net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		15.42%	15.47%	15.32%	

Notes to Schedule:

Benefit Changes: None

Changes in assumptions: Discount rate changes - from 2.98% as of June 30, 2018 to 2.79% as of June 30, 2019

District Plan - Other Post-Employment Benefits

As of the measurement date of July 1,	 2019	2018			2017		
Actuarially determined contributions	\$ 34,320	\$	35,721	\$	38,229		
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	(34,320)		(35,721)		(38,229)		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-		
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 4,160,776	\$	4,212,691	\$	4,212,691		
Contributions as a percentage of District's covered-employee payroll	0.82%		0.85%		0.91%		

Notes to Schedule

Valuation date:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of the measurement date of July 1, 2019.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal Level % of Salary Method

Discount Rate 3.36% - based on S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High at July 1, 2019

Healthcare cost trend rates 5.5% in 2020 through 2021, rates gradually decrease

from 5.4% in 2022 to 3.8% in 2075

Salary increases Composed of 2.5% cost of living adjustment, 1% real wage growth and

for teachers and admin a merit increase from 0%-2.75%

Mortality Same assumptions as those used in PSERS retirement plan

Retiree Cost Sharing Retirees pay 100% of the premiums

Participants 85 active participants and 5 retired participants

PSERS Plan - Health Insurance Premium Assistance Program

As of the measurement date of June 30,	2019			2018	2017
Actuarially determined contributions	\$	36,000	\$	36,000	\$ 38,000
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		(36,000)		(36,000)	(38,000)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	4,344,077	\$	4,394,852	\$ 4,575,441
Contributions as a percentage of District's covered-employee payroll		0.83%		0.82%	0.83%

Notes to Schedule

Valuation date: June 30, 2018 and actuarially rolled forward to June 30, 2019

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal Level % of Salary Method

Discount Rate 2.79% - as of June 30, 2019

Healthcare cost trend rates Premium Assistance reimbursement is capped at \$1,200 per year.

Salary increases 2.25% per year

Mortality RPH-2014 Total Dataset Mortality Table fully generational

using Scale MP-2015

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY OF THE PENNSYLVANIA PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (PSERS) FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 THROUGH 2019

Page 46

Measurement date ended June 30,	2019	201	3	2017	20	16	2015		2014	2013
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0315%	6 0.0	326%	0.0344%	5 (0.0372%	0.0396	%	0.0385%	0.0378%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 14,737,000	\$ 15,65	0,000 \$	16,990,000	\$ 18,4	135,000	\$ 17,153,00	0 \$	15,239,000	\$ 15,474,000
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 4,344,077	\$ 4,39	4,852 \$	4,575,441	\$ 4,8	320,946	\$ 5,089,25	0 \$	4,918,235	\$ 4,854,600
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	339.2435%	6 356.0	985%	371.3303%	382	2.3938%	337.0438	%	309.8469%	318.7492%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	55.6600%	6 54.0	0044%	51.8367%	5 50).1385%	54.3573	%	57.2382%	54.4909%

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE PENNSYLVANIA PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (PSERS) FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 THROUGH 2019

Page 47

Measurement date ended June 30,	 2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,416,169	\$ 1,393,168	\$ 1,336,029	\$ 1,205,237	\$ 1,043,296	\$ 786,918	\$ 558,279
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(1,416,169)	(1,393,168)	(1,336,029)	(1,205,237)	(1,043,296)	(786,918)	(558,279)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -						
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 4,344,077	\$ 4,394,852	\$ 4,575,441	\$ 4,820,946	\$ 5,089,250	\$ 4,918,235	\$ 4,854,600
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	32.6%	31.7%	29.2%	25.0%	20.5%	16.0%	11.5%



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH "GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS"

To the President and Members of the Board of Education Johnsonburg Area School District Johnsonburg, Pennsylvania

We have audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities and each major fund of *Johnsonburg Area School District* as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise *Johnsonburg Area School District's* basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 9, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered *Johnsonburg Area School District's* internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of *Johnsonburg Area School District's* internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of *Johnsonburg Area School District's* internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. There can be no assurance that deficiencies, significant deficiencies and material weaknesses have been identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, we identified two deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies in the District's internal control described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items II.A.2020-001, and II.A.2020-002 to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether *Johnsonburg Area School District's* financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Johnsonburg Area School District's Responses to Findings

Johnsonburg Area School District's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Johnsonburg Area School District's responses were not subjected to auditing procedures applied in the audit of financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not provided an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Buffamente Whipple Buttafaro PC

BUFFAMANTE WHIPPLE BUTTAFARO, P.C.

Olean, New York December 9, 2020

JOHNSONBURG AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Page 50

I. SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

- The auditor's report expresses an unmodified opinion on the financial statements of Johnsonburg Area School District.
- Two material weaknesses relating to the audit of the financial statements were reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with "Government Auditing Standards." These weaknesses are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items II.A.2020-001 and II.A.2020-002.
- 3. There were no instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of Johnsonburg Area School District reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with "Government Auditing Standards."
- 4. A single audit in accordance with the Uniform Guidance was not required during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, as the District's expenditures of federal awards were below \$750,000.

II. FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT – FINDINGS

A. INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

2020-001 Adjusting Journal Entries, Required Disclosures and Draft Financial Statements

Year ended June 30, 2020

Condition and Criteria: During the current year, adjusting journal entries, along with footnote disclosures were proposed by the auditors and accepted by the District to properly reflect the financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Some of the adjustments and footnotes were related to recording taxes receivable and applicable deferred inflows of resources, subsidy receivables and revenue, accrued expenses, accounts payable and converting to the full accrual method for GASB 34 purposes. In addition, a draft of the financial statements was prepared by the auditors.

Effect: AU-C Section 265, entitled Communicating Internal Control Related Matters Identified in an Audit, issued by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA) considers the need for significant adjusting journal entries and assistance when preparing the financial statements to be indicative of an internal control deficiency. Without this assistance, the potential risk exists of the District's financial statements not conforming to GAAP.

Auditor's Recommendation: Although auditors may continue to provide such assistance both now and in the future, under the new pronouncement, the District should continue to review and accept both proposed adjusting journal entries and footnote disclosures, along with the draft financial statements.

District's Response: The District has received, reviewed and accepted all journal entries, footnote disclosures and draft financial statements proposed for the current year audit and will continue to review similar information in future years. Further, the District believes it has a thorough understanding of these financial statements and the ability to make informed judgments based on these financial statements. Lastly, the District considers such assistance provided by the auditors to be the most cost effective in preparing such information.

2020-002 <u>Segregation of Duties</u>

Year ended June 30, 2020

Condition and Criteria: Although there is a limited number of personnel in the business office, we noted that different functions within the cash receipts, cash disbursements and payroll cycles, along with the preparation of bank reconciliations are not properly segregated.

Effect: A fundamental element of an effective internal control system is the proper segregation of duties. Proper segregation of duties provides for a system of checks and balances and entails assigning responsibilities of authorizing and recording transactions among different people in the District. Generally, assigning different individuals the responsibilities of authorizing transactions, recording transactions, and maintaining the custody of the related assets reduces the opportunities for any individual to both perpetrate and conceal errors or fraud in the normal course of business.

JOHNSONBURG AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Page 52

II. FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT – FINDINGS (CONTINUED)

A. <u>INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING (CONTINUED)</u>

2020-002 <u>Segregation of Duties (continued)</u>

Year ended June 30, 2020 (continued)

Auditor's recommendation: We recognize that the District has attempted to mitigate the lack of segregation of duties by having other individuals perform certain ancillary duties of record-keeping including: opening the mail; signing of checks; distribution of payroll and vendor checks; and bank reconciliations. These duties could be enhanced by having the individual responsible for the preparation of bank reconciliations compare the reconciled bank balances to the District's general ledger software on a monthly basis, as currently reconciliations are compared against manual worksheets. In addition, we recommend that the individual responsible for opening mail also maintain a cash receipts log, with someone independent of the cash receipts function reconciling the log to the general ledger and bank statements at certain times during the year. For mitigating controls over the District's payroll, the District should consider having the Superintendent review a monthly change report showing any changes in pay rates or employees. Finally, for controls over cash disbursements, the Board should account for the sequence of checks for each disbursement register to ensure that all checks are being reviewed. In addition a report should be generated that documents any new vendors added to the payable module. This report could be approved monthly by the Superintendent.

District's Response: The District understands the importance of having strong segregation of duties and will attempt to separate certain responsibilities as outlined above.

B. <u>COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS</u>

Year ended June 30, 2020

No findings related to compliance and other matters are being reported upon during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

I. FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT – FINDINGS

A. <u>INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING</u>

2019-001 Adjusting Journal Entries, Required Disclosures and Draft Financial Statements

Year ended June 30, 2019

Summary of Prior Year Finding: Adjusting journal entries, along with footnote disclosures were proposed by the auditors and accepted by the District to properly reflect the financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. In addition, a draft of the financial statements was prepared by the auditors and reviewed and accepted by the District. AU-C Section 265 entitled Communicating Internal Control Related Matters Identified in an Audit, issued by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA) considers the need for significant adjusting journal entries and assistance when preparing the financial statements to be indicative of an internal control deficiency.

Current Status: Similar finding related to internal control over financial reporting is being reported upon during the year ended June 30, 2020, identified as finding 2020-001.

2019-002 <u>Segregation of Duties</u>

Year ended June 30, 2019

Summary of Prior Year Finding: We noted that only a few individuals are primarily responsible for the record keeping and financial reporting functions, including cash receipts, cash disbursements, and payroll functions. A fundamental element of an effective internal control system is the proper segregation of duties. Proper segregation of duties provides for a system of checks and balances and entails assigning responsibilities of authorizing and recording transactions among different people in the District.

Current Status: Similar finding related to internal control over financial reporting is being reported upon during the year ended June 30, 2020, identified as finding 2020-002.

2019-003 Capital Assets

Year ended June 30, 2019

Summary of Prior Year Finding: Under the governmental financial reporting model of GASB No. 34, capital assets of the District are to be reported in the government-wide financial statements at historical cost. The District presently does not maintain a schedule of capital asset acquisitions, historical cost, depreciation, or disposal.

Current Status: During the year ended June 30, 2020 the District had an updated fixed asset appraisal and therefore this finding is no longer being reported upon.



To the President and Members of The Board of Education Johnsonburg Area School District Johnsonburg, Pennsylvania

To the Board Members and Administration:

We have completed our audit of the District's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 and have issued our reports thereon dated December 9, 2020. Our audit report expressed an unmodified opinion which states that the District's financial statements are in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America for governments and school districts located in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. In addition, we have issued a separate report on internal controls over financial reporting and compliance with laws and regulations as required by *Government Auditing Standards*.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the *Johnsonburg Area School District* for the year ended June 30, 2020, we considered its internal control structure in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure and its operation.

Attached to this letter is a summary of additional comments which we desire to bring to the Board and Administration's attention involving various matters. Although such matters were not of sufficient nature to be disclosed in the previously mentioned reports, we do feel the comments should be reviewed and acted upon primarily by the business staff. In addition, attached to this letter is a summary of revenue and expense comparisons and analysis of fund equity for the school years ended June 30, 2016 through June 30, 2020.

We have reviewed the financial statements extensively with the Superintendent and the Business Manager. These individuals have a good understanding of the financial condition of the District as well as the comments expressed in our annual report. We have enjoyed working with the District and wish to thank all of the staff who have assisted us during our audit.

Buffamente Whipple Buttafaro PC

BUFFAMANTE WHIPPLE BUTTAFARO, P.C.

Olean, New York December 9, 2020

REVENUE AND EXPENDITURES COMPARISON AND ANALYSIS OF FUND EQUITY - GENERAL FUND (AMOUNTS IN \$1,000)

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	6/3	0/2020	6/30/2019		6	/30/2018	6/	/30/2017	6/3	30/2016
Revenue and other sources										
Tax revenue	\$	2,534	\$	2,629	\$	2,575	\$	2,483	\$	2,462
Other local sources		357		385		187		218		254
State aid		7,811		7,612		7,778		7,801		7,704
Federal aid		62		26		260		185		183
		10,764		10,652		10,800		10,687		10,603
Expenditures and other uses										
Instruction		5,707		5,660		6,065		6,167		6,057
Administration		802		843		829		1,028		986
Other support services		2,948		2,703		2,645		2,695		2,681
Noninstructional services		281		296		279		274		254
Facilities acquisition and construction		49		84		60		90		20
Debt service		-		-		556		546		838
All other		-		-		30		29		-
		9,787		9,586		10,464		10,829		10,836
Excess (deficiency) of										
revenue over expenditures		977		1,066		336		(142)		(233)
Fund equity										
Beginning of year		2,510		1,444		1,108		1,250		1,584
Prior period adjustments		-		-		-		-		(101)
End of year	\$	3,487	\$	2,510	\$	1,444	\$	1,108	\$	1,250

Prioritization of Audit Recommendations

Within this management letter and audit report, recommendations to improve internal controls within the District and reduce risk have been identified. We are cognizant, that many of these initiatives require time commitments and realize it is not feasible for the District to immediately dedicate resources to address all of these areas of concern. The District should consider developing a written plan or matrix that prioritizes and schedules these areas as to when each would be addressed. This plan should take into consideration the District resources, both financial and personnel available to address these issues, along with the level of potential risk. The various auditors of the District may be able to provide assistance in developing this prioritization. The prioritization should receive input from the Board who would be responsible for oversight and monitoring to ensure the initiatives are being addressed in accordance with targets.

Monthly Review of Balance Sheet Accounts

During the audit, significant adjusting journal entries were proposed by the auditors and recorded by the District. The majority of these entries involved adjusting significant balance sheet accounts including, receivables, accounts payable and accrued expenses. We recommend that the Business Manager perform a detailed review of the balance sheet on a monthly basis. This review should consist of comparing balance sheet accounts levels with that recorded in the prior month and prior year-end. In addition, the District should consider maintaining a binder each month that includes documentation that substantiates specific balance sheet account. Had the District performed a similar review during 2020 in all likelihood, a significant amount of the adjusting journal entries recorded would have been detected by the District and corrected in a timely fashion.

Future Governmental Accounting Standards

In May 2020, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 95, *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance*, which extends the implementation dates of new GASB standards for an additional year, including two standards outlined below that may have significance to the District.

GASB 84 - Fiduciary Activities

In 2017, the Government Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities, which will be effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020. This new standard's objective is to improve the guidance regarding the identification and reporting of fiduciary activities and focuses on the source of the revenue and control over activity assets. One of the characteristics of a fiduciary activity as defined by the standard are that the assets are for the benefit of individuals and the district does not have administrative involvement with the assets or direct financial involvement with the assets. School districts will be required to evaluate activity currently recorded in the trust and agency fund, including extraclassroom activities. Those activities that do not meet the fiduciary definition will be required to be reported in the governmental funds, either in the general fund or special revenue fund. The change also affects how certain fiduciary activities, custodial funds, are reported by requiring additions and subtractions to be included on the Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. We recommend the District review the new fiduciary activity standard to ensure proper adherence.

GASB 87 - Accounting for Leases

In 2017, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 87, Accounting for Leases, which will be effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. The primary objective of this new standard is to bring most leases onto the balance sheet. The goal is to determine if any operating leases contain a right-to-use asset and record an asset and liability related to that lease. Also under the new standard there will be changes in the terms used for the two classifications; operating leases and finance leases (previously capital leases). We recommend that the District begin to collect pertinent data on all lease agreements for evaluation along with familiarizing themselves with the new lease standard, which may include continuing education, webinars and further training.

Delinquent Tax Collections Reconciliation

Although the District currently reconciles current year tax collections received from its tax collectors as compared to that turned over to Elk County for collections, the District does not reconcile delinquent taxes outstanding on a regular basis. We recommend that the District implement a process whereby delinquent taxes outstanding are reconciled with Elk County's records on a regular basis throughout the year.

SUMMARY OF ADDITIONAL COMMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

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COVID-19 Pandemic

Federal Aid

In March 2020, the Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security (CARES) Act was passed which provides funding and emergency assistance to school districts. The Pennsylvania Department of Education has allocated approximately \$120,000 of CARES Act assistance to the District which is for the funding period of March through September 2022. Also the Pennsylvania Commission on Crime and Delinquency has allocated approximately \$142,000 of CARES Act assistance to the District which is for the funding period of March 2020 through October, 2020. We recommend the District continue to review Federal quidance, including compliance requirements, related to this funding.

Internal Controls IT Risks

During the initial phases of the Pandemic, certain processes of the District that were previously performed in-person were completed remotely. Because significant data is being transmitted electronically, the District may consider performing a penetration/security test of its IT network. In addition, the District shall continue to periodically review listing of employees with access to the internal local area network to determine if accounts should be disabled or deleted and continue to periodically review user access rights to determine that employees only have rights that are commensurate with their job responsibilities.

Food Service Program

During the Pandemic school districts had the option to participate in the Seamless Summer Option or the Summer Food Service Program to continue to provide meals to children while minimizing potential exposure to COVID-19. We recommend the District continue to review guidance and reporting requirements with respect to these programs in the event that school closures occur in the future and consider which program would be more beneficial to meet the needs of the District.

Student Activities

Point of sale records

We noted several instances within the extraclassroom activity funds where the receipt of cash lacked point of sale records. Each cash received by the central treasurer should be accompanied by supporting documentation which reconciles cash received to participation times rates/fees. Due to the lack of point of sale records, cash receipts are not adequate to permit the application of the necessary auditing procedures to indicate whether receipts were recorded. We recommend that point of sale records be filled out in detail or an appropriate summary be attached by the student treasurer and teacher advisor, and be verified or reviewed by the central treasurer. In additions, we recommend that gross margins for each fundraising activity be maintained and closely scrutinized by the treasurer with any deviances from that expected being immediately investigated. The gross margin analysis serves the purpose of determining whether actual profits are in line with estimated profits, along with determining whether the fundraiser was ultimately successful.

Enhanced documentation

During our audit in the prior year, we provided the District with a packet of information related to Student Activity Funds which included samples of purchase requisition forms, payment orders, treasurer's receipts, profit and loss statements and fundraising approval forms. The District should consider utilizing these forms in conjunction with the forms already utilized to enhance the documentation maintained in the Student Activity funds.

Funds Raised for Certain Purposes

School Districts were faced with difficult decisions during school closures resulting from the Pandemic including what to do with funds raised by students for certain purposes (i.e. student trip) that didn't take place. We recommend that he District develop a policy to address this situation if it occurs in the future and consider reviewing the policy with its legal counsel.

Check Signers

Currently all checks are signed electronically by utilizing a signature plate and include three signatures two of which do not perform a review of the disbursement listing prior to the checks being issued. The purpose of multiple signatures on checks is to enhance controls over cash disbursements so that checks are not authorized without proper approval. Since no review is being performed by these individuals the control in place does not serve its purpose. The District should either evaluate the necessity of having three signatures on each check or have the two individuals currently not involved in the process receive information that could be reviewed and provide authorization to attach their signatures to the check.